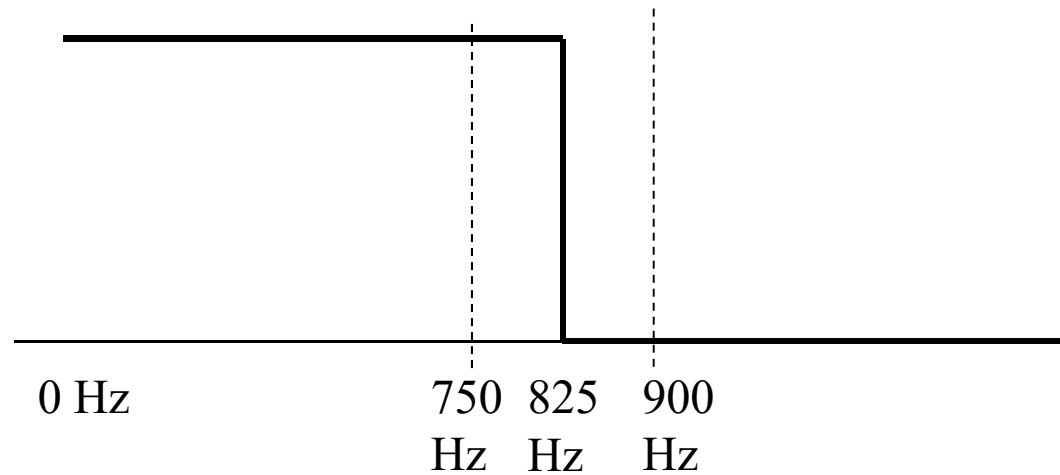


Homework 1 (Due: April 10th)

(1) Design a Mini-max **lowpass** FIR filter such that (40 scores)

- ① Filter length = 17, ② Sampling frequency $f_s = 3000\text{Hz}$,
- ③ Pass Band 0~750Hz ④ Transition band: 750~900 Hz,
- ⑤ Weighting function: $W(F) = 1$ for passband, $W(F) = 0.5$ for stop band .
- ⑥ Set $\Delta = 0.0001$ in Step 5.



※ The code should be handed out through Ceiba

Show (a) the code, (b) the frequency response,
(c) the impulse response $h[n]$, and (d) the maximal error for each iteration.

- (2) How do we implement $y[n] = x[n] * (0.6^n u[n] - 0.5^n u[n])$ efficiently where * means convolution and $u[n]$ is the unit step function? (10 scores)
- (3) How do we convert convolution into an addition operation? (5 scores)
- (4) Why (a) the step invariance method and (b) the bilinear transform can reduce or avoid the aliasing effect in IIR filter design? (10 scores)
- (5) Suppose that $x[n] = y(0.005n)$ and the length of $x[n]$ is 800. If $X[m]$ is the FFT of $x[n]$, which frequency do (a) $X[100]$ and (b) $X[600]$ correspond to? (10 scores)
- (6) Why ① the transition band and ② the weighting function are important in Minimax FIR digital filter design? (10 scores)
- (7) Use the MSE method to design the 7-point FIR filter that approximates the lowpass filter of $H_d(F) = 1$ for $|F| < 0.25$ and $H_d(F) = 0$ for $0.25 < |F| < 0.5$. (15 scores)