

當訊號處理遇上運動科技： 打造你的專屬體能監測器

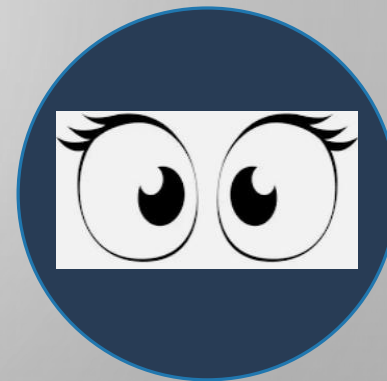
電子一 林黃媛

MOTIVATION



PHYSICAL FITNESS

STRONG YOUR BODY



TRAINING OBSERVATION

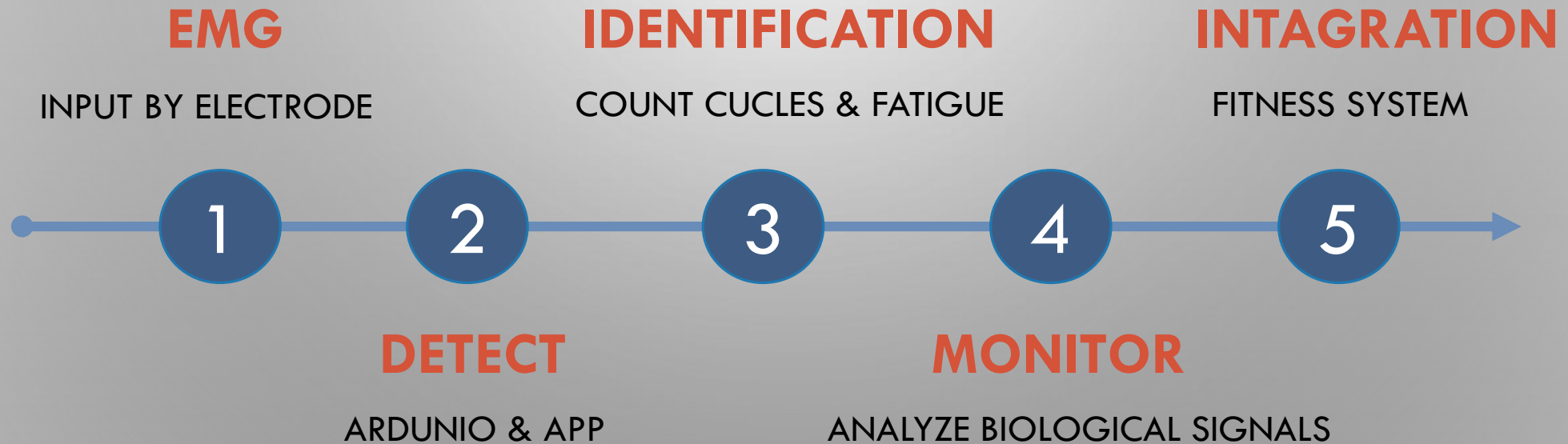
SET SENSOR ON YOUR BODY
TO GET INFORMATION



STATISTIC

COLLECT AND INTEGRATE
DATA FROM SENSOR

HOW TO REALIZE



PROJECT STRUCTURE

HARDWARE

- EMG MODULE
- EMG CIRCUIT
- MEGA



SOFTWARE

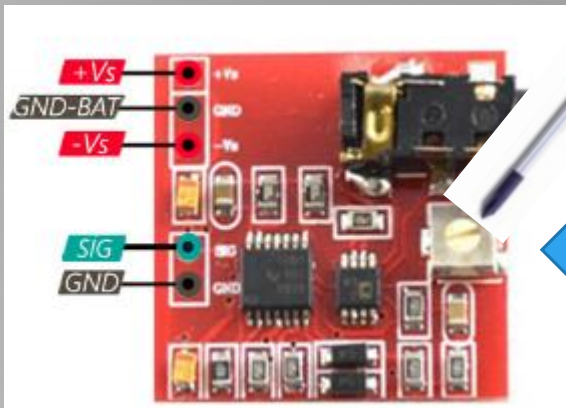
- ARDUINO
 - a. FATIGUE DETECTION
 - b. COUNT
- APP
 - a. MODE
 - b. COUNT DOWN
- BLUETOOTH



PHYSICAL
FITNESS
SYSTEM

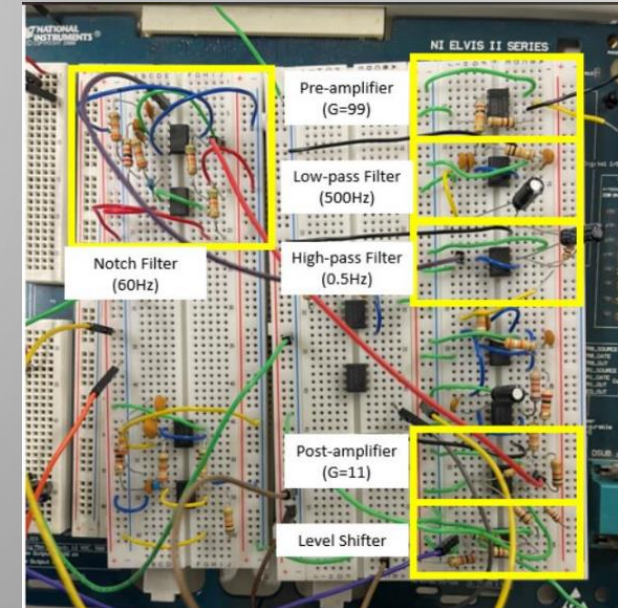
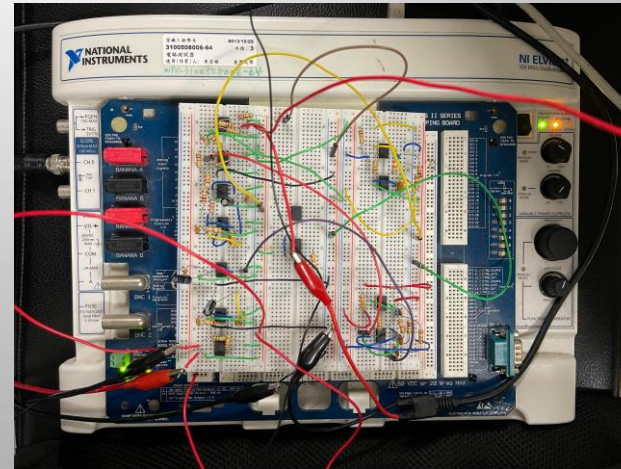
HARDWARE

EMG MODULE

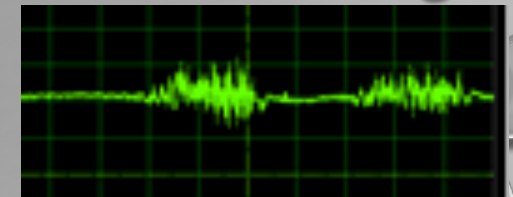


Gain

EMG CIRCUIT



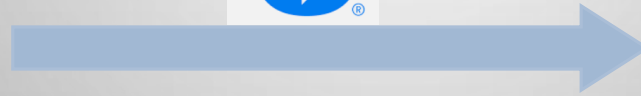
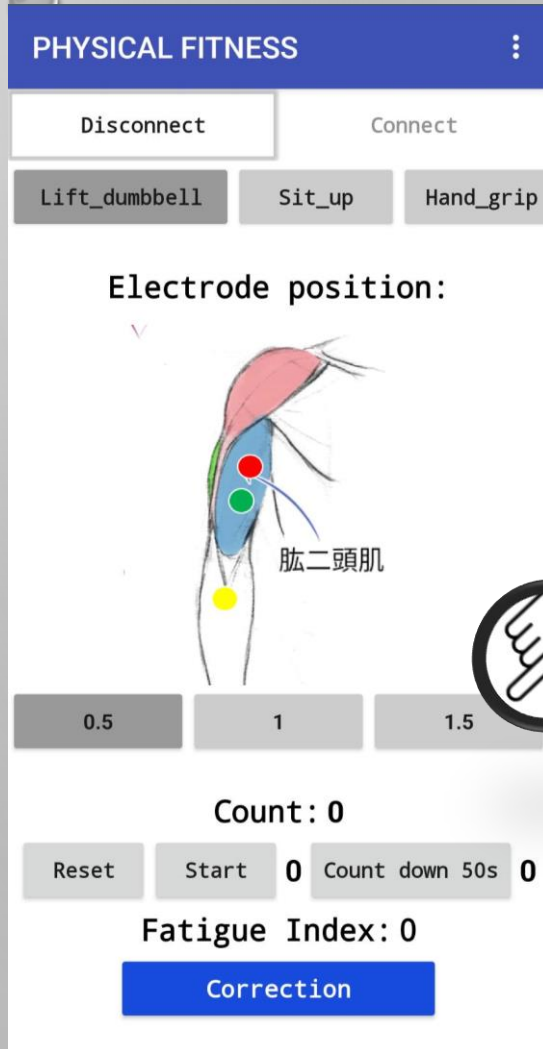
MEGA



SOFTWARE

- APP INTERFACE
- ARDUINO :1.FOULIER 2. COUNT

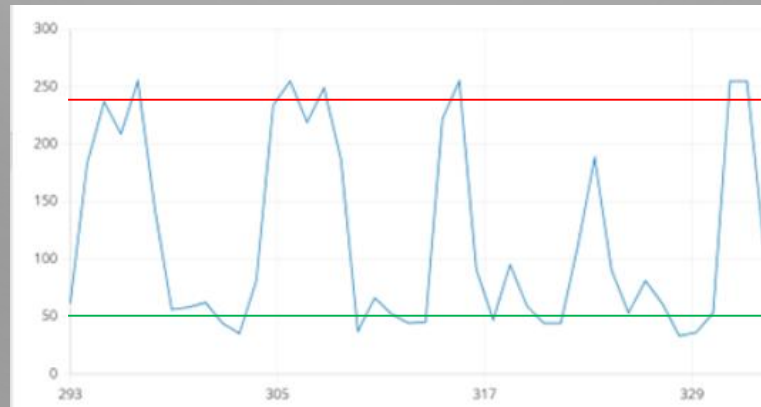
SOFTWARE-COUNT



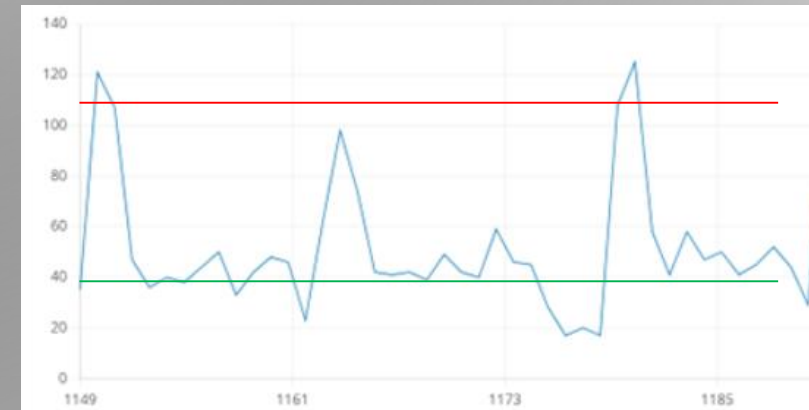
MODE :
TYPE => L, M, S



DUMBBELL



SIT-UP





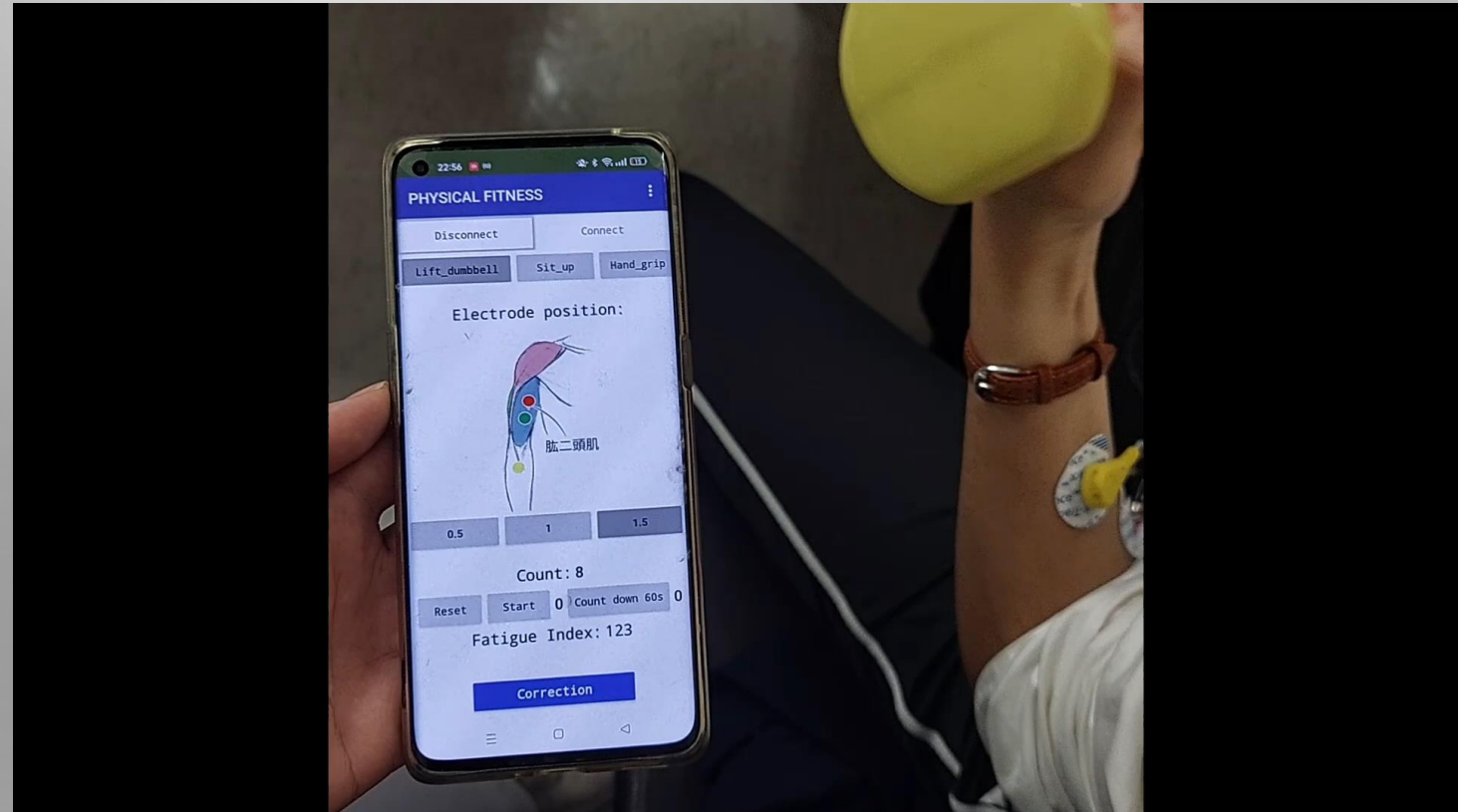
SOFTWARE-COUNT

PREVENT OVER COUNT!!!!!!

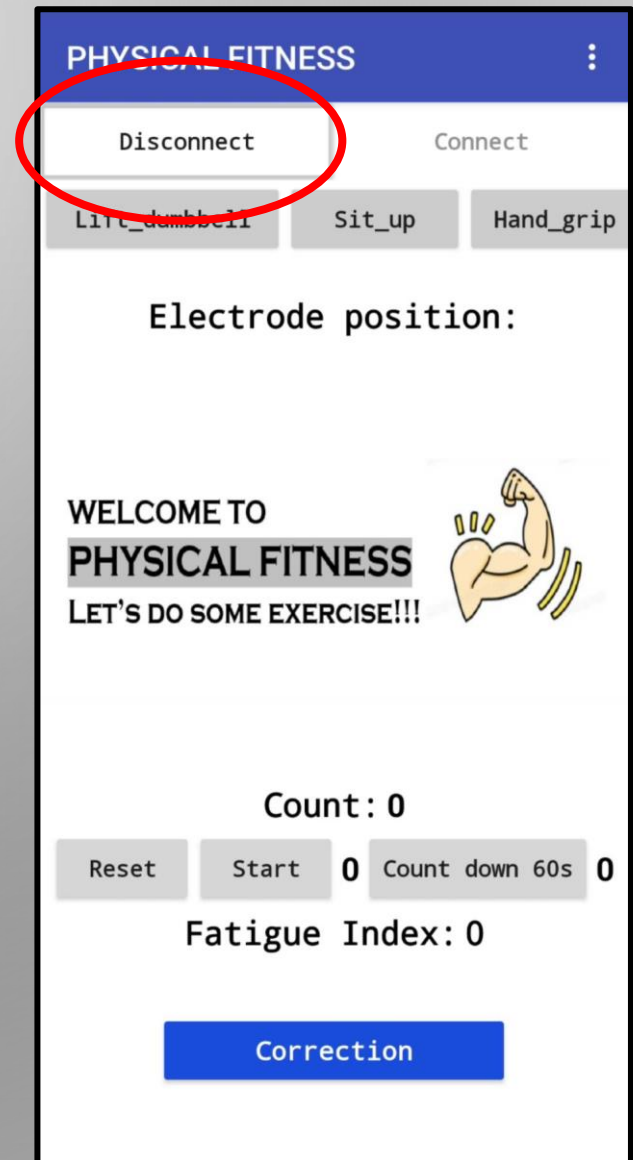
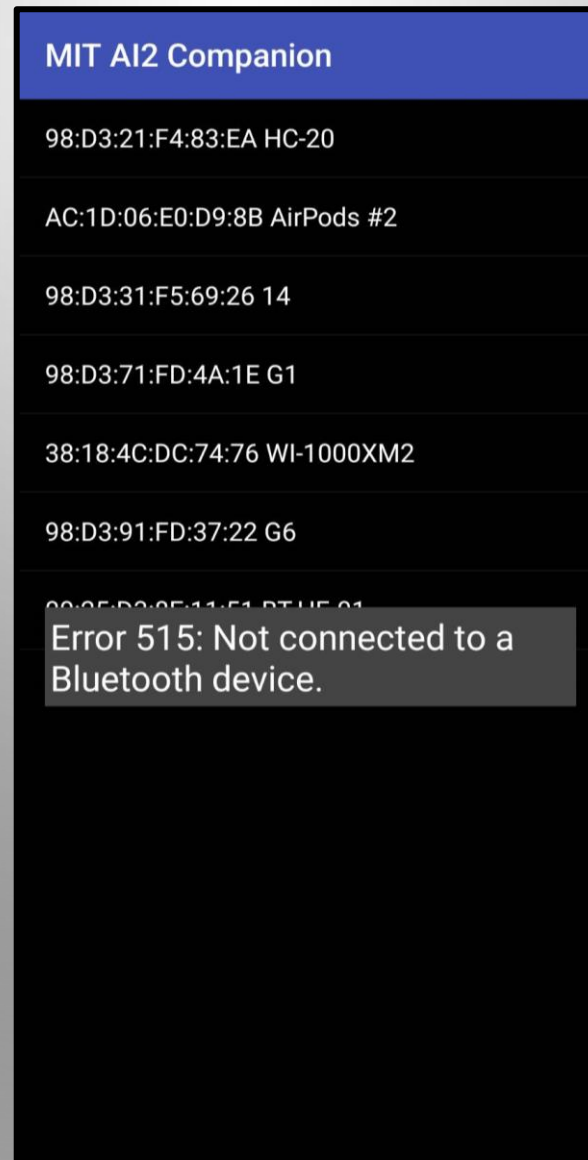
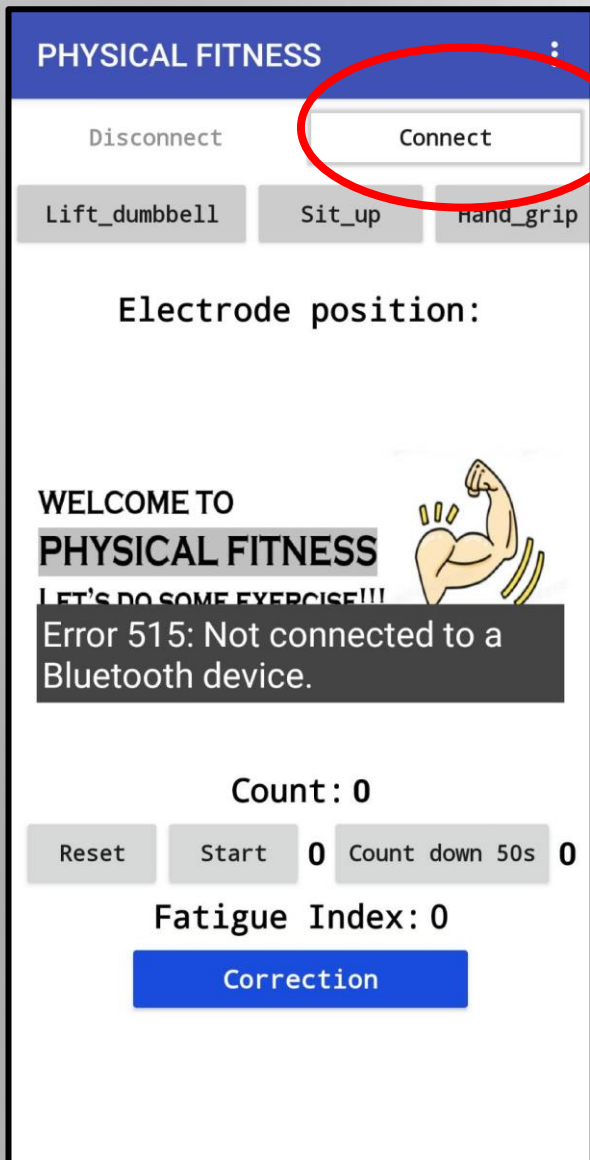


SOFTWARE-COUNT

DEMO-DUMBBELL FOR EXAMPLE



BLUETOOTH CONNECTION



MODE SELECTION

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect

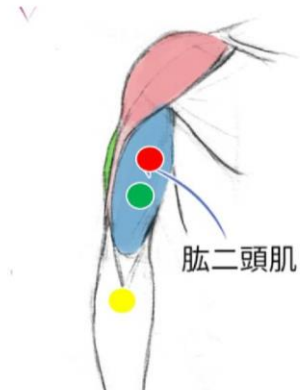
Connect

Lift_dumbbell

Sit_up

Hand_grip

Electrode position:



0.5 1 1.5

Count: 0

Reset

Start

0

Count down 50s

0

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect

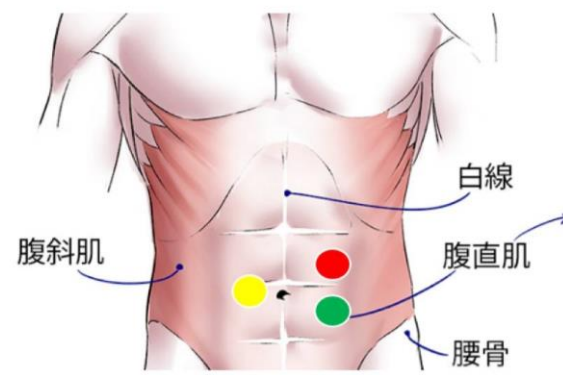
Connect

Lift_dumbbell

Sit_up

Hand_grip

Electrode position:



Count: 0

Reset

Start

0

Count down 50s

0

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect

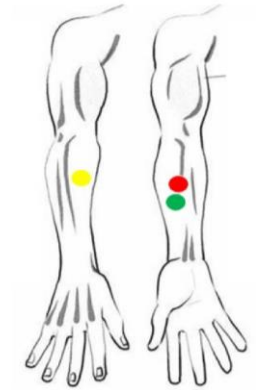
Connect

Lift_dumbbell

Sit_up

Hand_grip

Electrode position:



10 15 20

Count: 0

Reset

Start

0

Count down 50s

0

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction

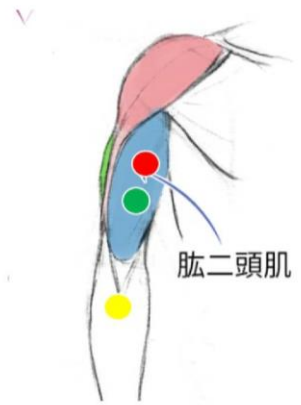
INTENSITY SELECTION

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect Connect

Lift_dumbbell Sit_up Hand_grip

Electrode position:



0.5 1 1.5

Count: 0

Reset Start 0 Count down 50s 0

Fatigue Index: 0

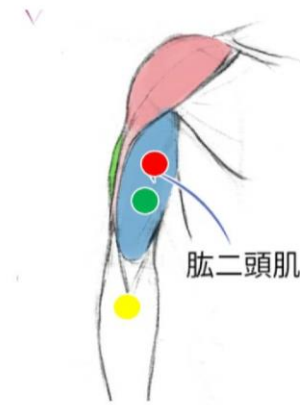
Correction

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect Connect

Lift_dumbbell Sit_up Hand_grip

Electrode position:



0.5 1 1.5

Count: 0

Reset Start 0 Count down 50s 0

Fatigue Index: 0

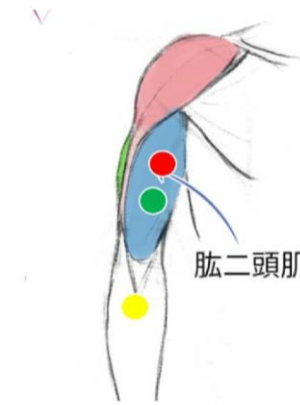
Correction

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect Connect

Lift_dumbbell Sit_up Hand_grip

Electrode position:



0.5 1 1.5

Count: 0

Reset Start 0 Count down 50s 0

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction



MODE

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect

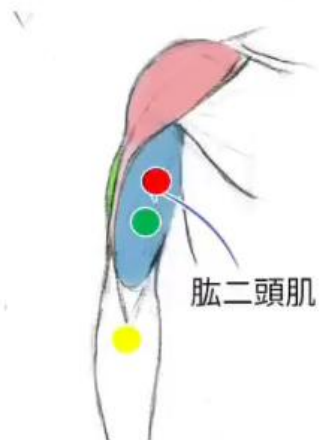
Connect

Lift_dumbbell

Sit_up

Hand_grip

Electrode position:



肱二頭肌

0.5

1

1.5

Count: 0

Reset

Start

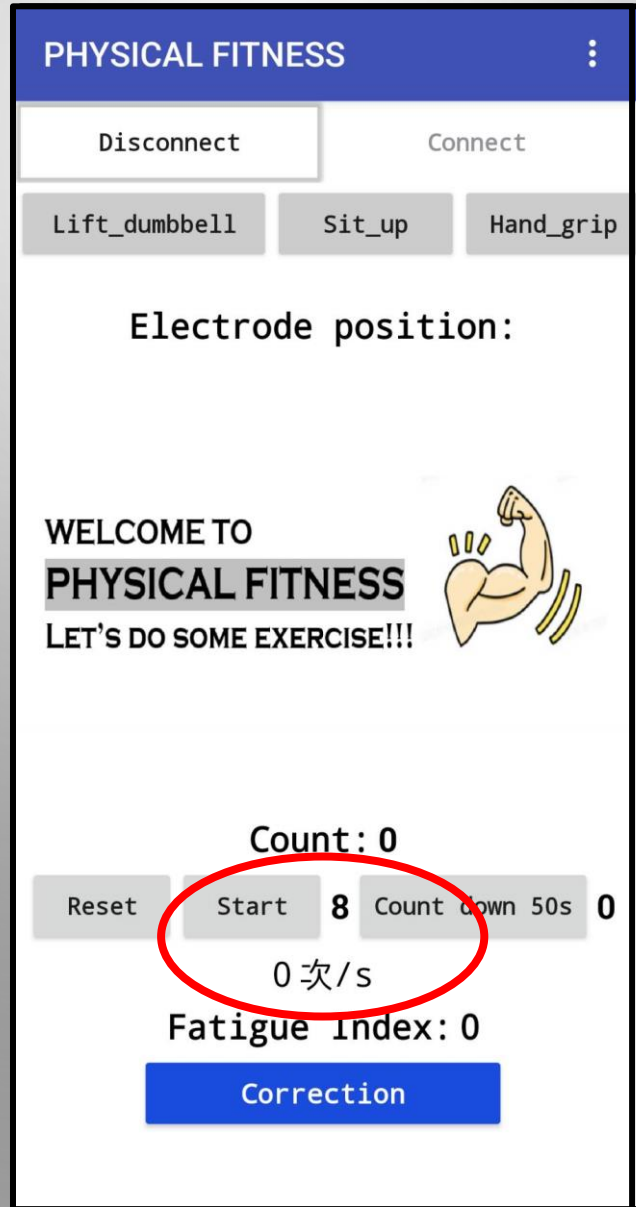
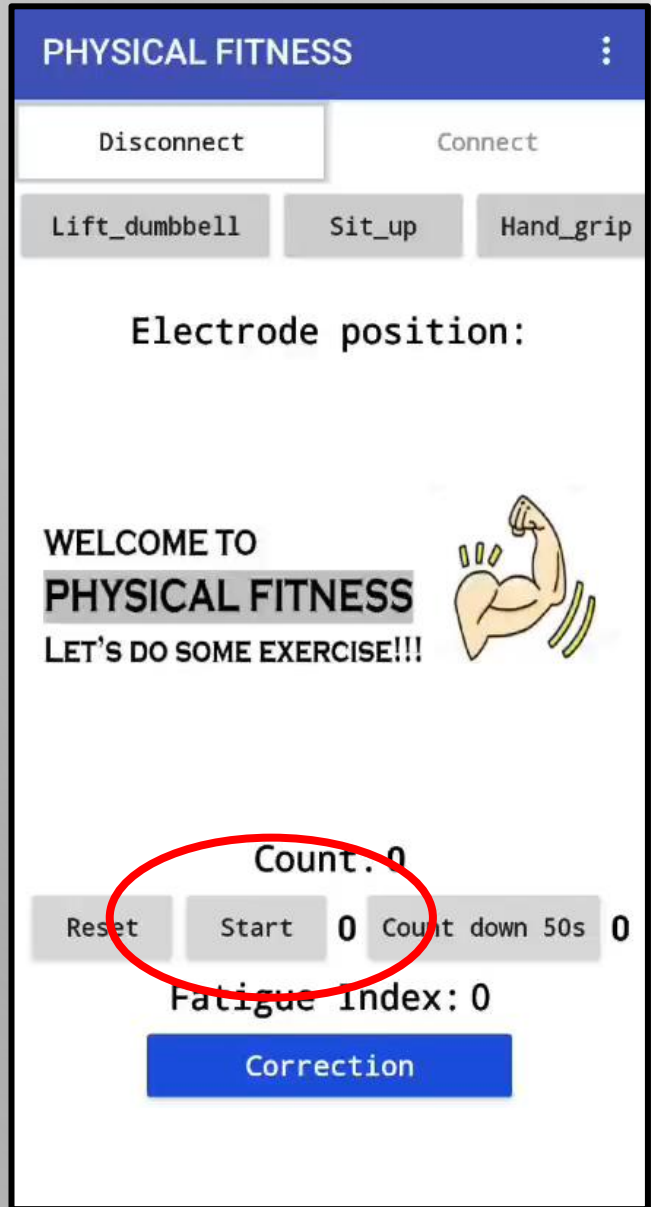
0

Count down 50s

0

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction



TIMER



COUNT DOWN

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect

Connect


Lift_dumbbell

Sit_up

Hand_grip

Electrode position:

WELCOME TO
PHYSICAL FITNESS
LET'S DO SOME EXERCISE!!!



Count: 0

Reset

Start

0

Count down 50s

0

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction

PHYSICAL FITNESS

Disconnect

Connect

Lift_dumbbell

Sit_up

Hand_grip

Electrode position:

WELCOME TO
PHYSICAL FITNESS
LET'S DO SOME EXERCISE!!!

Count: 0

Reset

Start

8

Count down 50s

0

0 次/s

Fatigue Index: 0

Correction

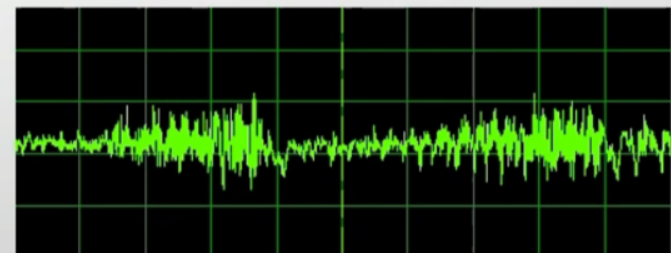
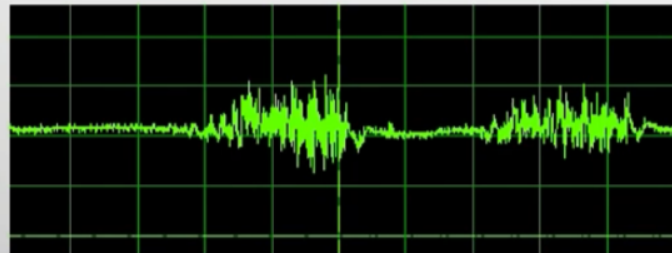


CORRECTION

SOFTWARE-FATIGUE DETECTION

1. Observation:

- Muscle stiffness due to muscle fatigue slows down the transmission speed between muscle fibers, resulting in a less distinct potential difference. Thus, after the muscles are more fatigued (after many experiments), the EMG signals between each movement are less obvious.
- Counting number of times become more difficult. Also, it may be interference by noise more easily.



SOFTWARE-FATIGUE DETECTION

- In the frequency domain, fatigue causes the transmission speed between muscle fibers to slow down, and the discharge frequency of the motor unit decreases, causing the spectrum distribution to gradually concentrate at low frequencies.

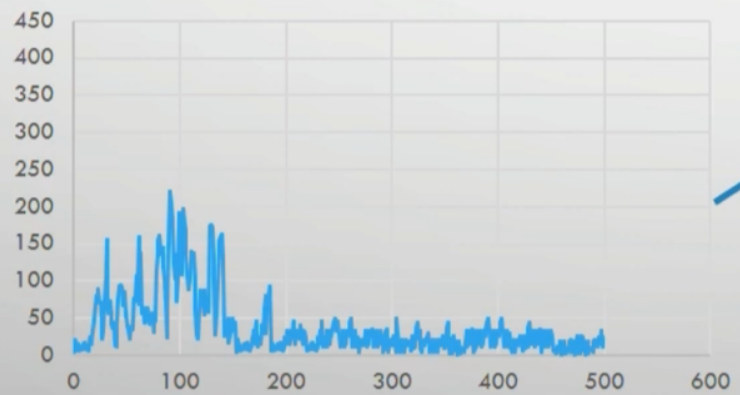
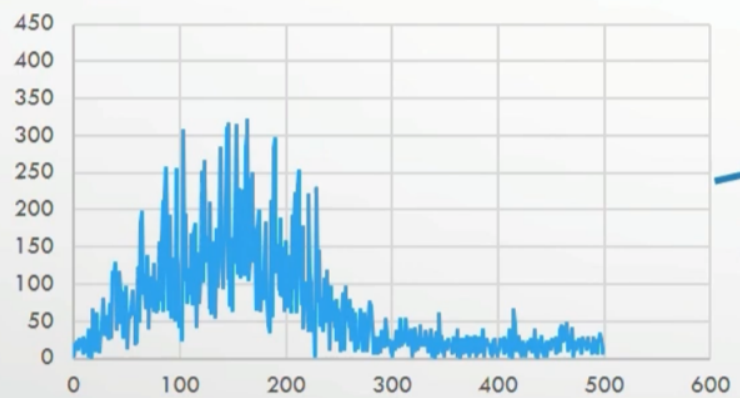
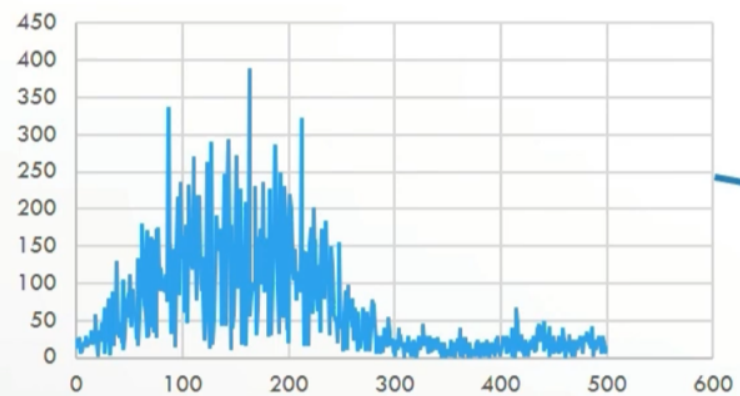
→ We decide to use frequency domain to detect fatigue.

SOFTWARE-FATIGUE DETECTION

2. Consideration:

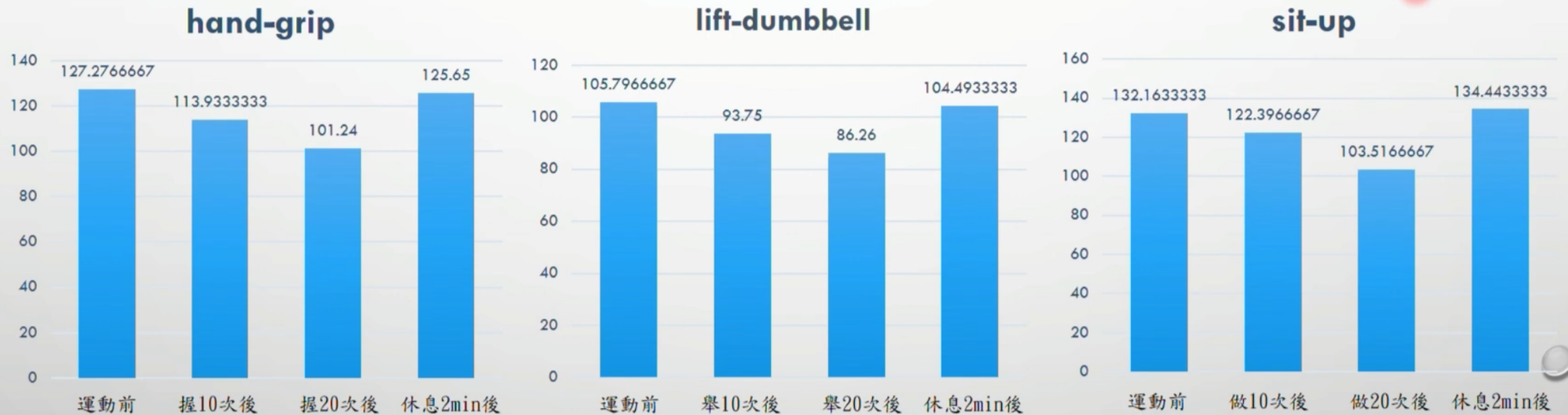
The ideal measurement muscles we choose must consider the following conditions:

- (1) The muscle area is large enough, the location is easy to find, and the electrode patches are easy to place.
- (2) Muscles with the most obvious and clear amount of exercise during action execution, so as to obtain the most ideal and representative characteristic values.
- (3) Those who are not interfered by other.



SOFTWARE-FATIGUE DETECTION

3. Test: Test if MDF will decrease when fatigue. (512 points, 1000Hz)



SOFTWARE-FATIGUE DETECTION

4. Implementation

- Choose 1000 Hz as sample frequency, and record 512 sampling points. (about 0.5s)
- When the EMG value reach the threshold, start record the points.
- Do fourier transform when count=1, then analyze the spectrum to find the initial MDF.
- Then, get the MDF every 10 times to detect fatigue.
- Show the result on the APP to check if MDF decreased. We defined it as fatigue index.

REFERENCE

- [HTTPS://IR.NCTU.EDU.TW/BITSTREAM/11536/78315/4/262404.PDF](https://ir.nctu.edu.tw/bitstream/11536/78315/4/262404.pdf)
- [HTTPS://IR.NCTU.EDU.TW/BITSTREAM/11536/68468/9/255109.PDF](https://ir.nctu.edu.tw/bitstream/11536/68468/9/255109.pdf)
- [HTTP://BIMELAB.BLOGSPOT.COM/2006/12/EMGFREQUENCY-DOMAINMEDIANFREQUENCY.HTML](http://bimelab.blogspot.com/2006/12/emgfrequency-domainmedianfrequency.html)
- [HTTP://CC.EE.NTU.EDU.TW/~ULTRASOUND/BELAB/TERM_PROJECT/GROUP8/106-2-FINAL_G08.PDF](http://cc.ee.ntu.edu.tw/~ultrasound/belab/term_project/group8/106-2-final_g08.pdf)
- [HTTPS://WWW.INSTRUCTABLES.COM/EASYFFT-FREQUENCY-TRANSFORM-FORARDUINO/?FBCLID=IWAR1HWANPPJNIP45K1JVUEGVHZE7FUCITGOKFVKSSTQNI-P32LPDC57L0](https://www.instructables.com/EasyFFT-Frequency-Transform-for-Arduino/?fbclid=IwAR1HWANPPjNIP45K1JVUEGVHZE7FUCITGOKFVKSSTQNI-P32LPDC57L0)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR LISTENING

- SPECIAL THANKS TO MY PROJECT COLLABORATOR, C. Y. LEE AND H. -X. SHIH FOR THEIR GREAT SUPPORT AND COLLABORATION THROUGHOUT THIS PROJECT.