

## Homework 2 (Due: April 16<sup>th</sup>)

(1) Solve the following PDEs. (30 scores)

$$(a) \quad \frac{\partial u(x, y, z)}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u(x, y, z)}{\partial y} + z^2 \frac{\partial u(x, y, z)}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{\partial u(x, y, z)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u(x, y, z)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u(x, y, z)}{\partial z} = x + y + z$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{\partial^2 u(x, y, t)}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u(x, y, t)}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial u(x, y, t)}{\partial t} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 2, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$u(0, y, t) = u(2, y, t) = u(x, 0, t) = u(x, 2, t) = 0$$

$$u(x, y, 0) = (2x - x^2)(2y - y^2)$$

(2) Solve the steady temperature  $u(r, \theta)$  in a fan-shape plane where

$$0 \leq r \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi / 3,$$

$$u(1, \theta) = \sin(6\theta) + \sin(12\theta), \quad 0 < \theta < \pi / 3$$

$$u(r, 0) = 0, \quad u(r, \pi / 3) = 0, \quad 0 < r < 1$$

(10 scores)

(3) Solve the steady temperature  $u(r, z)$  in a cylinder region where

$$0 \leq r \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq z \leq 2,$$

$$u(1, z) = z \quad \text{for } 0 < z < 1, \quad u(1, z) = 2 - z \quad \text{for } 1 < z < 2,$$

$$u(r, 0) = 0, \quad u(r, 2) = 0 \quad 0 < r < 1$$

Suppose that  $u(r, z)$  is independent of  $\theta$ . (10 scores)

(4) Solve the following PDE by the 1-sided Laplace transform.

$$\frac{\partial u(x, t)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u(x, t)}{\partial t} = 1, \quad x > 0, \quad t > 0 \quad (10 \text{ scores})$$

$$u(0, t) = t^2 + t, \quad u(x, 0) = 0$$

(Hint): When solving the ODE of  $x$ , the constant may be a function of  $s$ .

(5) (a) Convert  $1, x,$  and  $x^2$  into an orthonormal function set for  $x \in [0, 4]$ .

(b) Approximate  $\min(x, 4-x)$  by a 2<sup>nd</sup> order polynomial with the least mean square error for  $x \in [0, 4]$ . (20 scores)

(6) Suppose that there is a set of five ‘discrete’ basis.

$$b_k[n] = n^k \quad n = -6, -5, \dots, 5, 6$$
$$k = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$$

- (a) Write a code to use the Gram-Schmidt method to convert  $b_k[n]$  ( $k = 0 \sim 4$ ) into an orthonormal set.
- (b) Write a code to use the Gram-Schmidt method to convert  $b_k[n]$  ( $k = 0 \sim 4$ ) into an orthonormal set if the weight is  $w[n] = 1 - |n|/7$ .

The codes should be handed out by NTUCool. (20 scores)